Community Benefit Type

Language assistant services. Unreimbursed actual costs pertaining to language assistance service such as salaries and benefits of translators, costs of translation services provided via phone and costs of forms, notices and brochures provided in languages other than English, offset by any revenue received for these services.

Government Sponsored. Unreimbursed cost of Medicare, Medicaid, and other federal, State, or local health care programs, eligibility for which is based on financial need. Includes both inpatient and outpatient services. In calculating this cost, hospitals should apply a total cost-to-charge ratio to obtain costs, unless the hospital has an alternative method for determining costs, then deduct any revenues that were received for such services.

Financial assistance. Discount provided to a patient under the terms and conditions the hospital offers to qualified patients or as required by law. Data on financial assistance includes the number of applications submitted to the hospital, both complete and incomplete; the number of applications approved; and the number of applications denied and the 5 most frequent reasons for denial.

Donations. Cash and in-kind donations such as the value of meeting space, equipment, and personnel to assist other community health care providers, social service agencies and organizations.

Volunteer Services. Voluntary activities provided by hospital employees and volunteers in connection with a hospital's Community Benefits Program that take place as the result of a formal hospital initiative to organize or promote voluntary participation in the activity. Value of volunteer time is to be calculated as the number of volunteer hours multiplied by minimum wage.

Education. Costs incurred for hospital-based educational programs such as medical residency and internships and nursing, radiology technician and physical therapy programs, reduced by direct medical education funding from third-party payer reimbursement, offsite rotation revenue, fees charged, etc. Community health education and wellness programs should be reported under Subsidized Health Services section.

Government-sponsored program services. Any other unreimbursed costs not included in Government Sponsored section.

Research. Cost of research activities conducted primarily to advance medical or health care services, including clinical drug trials, demonstration projects for alternative delivery systems, disease-specific research, etc. This portion of the report should include only actual costs not covered by grant funding or donations.

Subsidized health services. Subsidized health services for which the hospital, in response to community need, must subsidize from other revenue sources. It includes, but is not limited to, such services as emergency and trauma care, neonatal intensive care, community health clinics, and collaborative efforts with local government or private agencies to prevent illness and improve wellness, such as immunization programs. Includes specialty services that yield a financial loss such as rehabilitation, burn care, substance abuse, AIDS, geriatric, pediatric, clinics, hospice, physician referral service, ambulance and programs to prevent illness or injury and improve wellness such as community health screenings, immunization programs, health education, counseling and support groups, poison control, etc. Hospitals should determine the financial loss by calculating the costs of staff, materials, equipment, space, etc., offset by any third-party payment, patient fees, or donations.

Bad debts. The current period charge for actual or expected doubtful accounting resulting from the extension of credit. "Charity care" does not include bad debt.

Other Community Benefits. Attach a schedule listing and describing any community benefits not listed above. Provide complete detail as to how each community benefit is provided and calculated.